

Product Manual 26745 (Revision T, 5/2025) Original Instructions



SIL Certified Large Electric Sonic Valve (LESV) Gas Fuel Control Valve with Position Feedback Sensor

3-Inch, 4-Inch, and 6-Inch

Installation and Operation Manual



General **Precautions** Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment.

Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions.

Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.



Revisions

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Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.



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Warnings and Notices

Important Definitions



This is the safety alert symbol used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

- DANGER Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- CAUTION Indicates a hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate
 injury.
- NOTICE Indicates a hazard that could result in property damage only (including damage to the control).
- **IMPORTANT** Designates an operating tip or maintenance suggestion.

MARNING

Overspeed /
Overtemperature /
Overpressure

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed shutdown device to protect against runaway or damage to the prime mover with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

The overspeed shutdown device must be totally independent of the prime mover control system. An overtemperature or overpressure shutdown device may also be needed for safety, as appropriate.



Personal Protective Equipment

The products described in this publication may present risks that could lead to personal injury, loss of life, or property damage. Always wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) for the job at hand. Equipment that should be considered includes but is not limited to:

- Eye Protection
- Hearing Protection
- Hard Hat
- Gloves
- Safety Boots
- Respirator

Always read the proper Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for any working fluid(s) and comply with recommended safety equipment.



Start-up

Be prepared to make an emergency shutdown when starting the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover, to protect against runaway or overspeed with possible personal injury, loss of life, or property damage.

Electrostatic Discharge Awareness

NOTICE

Electrostatic Precautions

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts:

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.

To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Follow these precautions when working with or near the control.

- Avoid the build-up of static electricity on your body by not wearing clothing made of synthetic materials. Wear cotton or cotton-blend materials as much as possible because these do not store static electric charges as much as synthetics.
- 2. Do not remove the printed circuit board (PCB) from the control cabinet unless absolutely necessary. If you must remove the PCB from the control cabinet, follow these precautions:
 - Do not touch any part of the PCB except the edges.
 - Do not touch the electrical conductors, the connectors, or the components with conductive devices or with your hands.
 - When replacing a PCB, keep the new PCB in the plastic antistatic protective bag it comes in until you are ready to install it. Immediately after removing the old PCB from the control cabinet, place it in the antistatic protective bag.

Regulatory Compliance

European Compliance for CE Marking:

These listings are limited only to those units bearing the CE Marking.

EMC Directive: Declared to Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the

Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member

Directive: States relating to the making available on the market of pressure

(Valve portion of LESV) equipment.

2-Inch, 3-Inch, 4-Inch: PED Category II

6-Inch: PED Category III

PED Module H – Full Quality Assurance,

ATEX – Potentially Directive 2014/34/EU on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member **Explosive Atmospheres** States relating to equipment and protective systems intended for use in

Directive: potentially explosive atmospheres.

(LELA actuator) Zone 2, Category 3, Group II G, Ex nA IIC T3 Gc

Other European Compliance:

Compliance with the following European Directives or standards does not qualify this product for application of the CE Marking:

ATEX: Exempt from the non-electrical portion of the ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU

due to no potential ignition sources per EN ISO 80079-36:2016 for Zone 2

installation.

Machinery Directive: Compliant as partly completed machinery with Directive 2006/42/EC of the

European Parliament and the council of 17 May 2006 on machinery.

RoHS Directive: Restriction of Hazardous Substances 2011/65/EU:

Woodward Turbomachinery Systems products are intended exclusively for sale and use only as a part of Large Scale Fixed Installations per the meaning of Art.2.4(e) of directive 2011/65/EU. This fulfills the requirements stated in Art.2.4(c) and as such the product is excluded from the scope of

RoHS2.

Other International Compliance:

IECEx (LELA Actuator): Certified for use in explosive atmospheres per

Certificate IECEx CSA 14.0013X Ex db e nA IIC T3 Gc IP55

EAC Customs Union:

These listings are limited only to those units with labels, marking, and manuals in Russian language to comply with their certificates and declaration.

EAC Customs Union Certified to Technical Regulation CU 012/2011 for use in potentially

(Marked) explosive atmospheres per

Certificate RU C-US.ΓБ08.B.01076 as 2Ex d e nA IIC T3 Gc X for electrical and II Gc TX for non-electrical portions of the valve.

EAC Customs Union

s Union Certified to Technical Regulation CU 032/2013 On the safety of equipment

(Marked) operating under excessive pressure.

Certificate RU C-US.MIO62.B.02208 for 6 inch valves.

EAC Customs Union Declared to Technical Regulation CU 032/2013 On the safety of

equipment operating under excessive pressure. Declaration of Conformity

Registration No: RU Д-US.MЮ62.B.02150 for 2, 3, and 4 inch valves

EAC Customs Union Declared to Technical Regulation CU 010/2011 on the safety of machinery

> and equipment. Declared to Technical Regulation CU 020/2011 On Electromagnetic Compatibility of Technical Equipment Declaration of

Conformity Registration No: RU Д-US.AY14.B.25099

North American Compliance:

CSA Certified for Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C & D, T3 at 80 °C Ambient CSA (Actuator):

For use in Canada and the United States Certificate 1635932

Actuator is certified for North America as on-systems engine component

connected to the certified Digital Valve Positioner.

SIL Compliance:



LESV – Certified SIL 2 Capable for Position Feedback Light-Off Function in safety instrumented systems. Evaluated to IEC 61508 Parts 1-7. Refer to the instructions of this Installation and Operation Manual Chapter 6 Safety Management - Position Feedback Light-Off Function Flow Sensor SIL Certificate WOO 1304021 C001 Link to Exida SIL2 Certification



LESV – Certified SIL 3 Capable for safe position fuel shutoff function in safety instrumented systems. Evaluated to IEC 61508 Parts 1-7. Refer to the instructions of this Installation and Operation Manual, Chapter 7 - Safety Management - Safe Position Shutoff Function.

Certificate WOO 1405129 C001 Link to Exida SIL 3 Certification

Conditions for Safe Use:

- Mating connectors must be installed to maintain IP55 rating.
- Connect the ground terminal to earth ground.
- Maximum ambient temperature 80 °C (176 °F).
- Use supply wires suitable for 10 °C (18 °F) above surrounding ambient.

Compliance with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC noise measurement and mitigation requirements is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the machinery into which this product is incorporated.

Wiring must be in accordance with North American Class I, Division 2, or European Zone 2, Category 3 wiring methods as applicable, and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Do not remove covers or connect/disconnect electrical connectors unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.

Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2 or Zone 2.



RISQUE D'EXPLOSION—Ne pas enlever les couvercles, ni raccorder / débrancher les prises électriques, sans vous en assurez auparavant que le système a bien été mis hors tension; ou que vous vous situez bien dans une zone non explosive.

La substitution de composants peut rendre ce matériel inacceptable pour les emplacements de Classe I, Division 2 ou Zone 2.

Chapter 1. General Information

Introduction

The Large Electric Sonic Valve (LESV) controls the flow of gas fuel to the combustion system of an industrial or utility gas turbine. The integral electric actuator (LELA – Woodward Large Electric Linear Actuator) consists of a brushless dc motor, resolver for motor commutation and position sensing, valve stem resolver for motor resolver verification, a magnetostrictive feedback sensor for SIL2 position verification, a fail-safe spring for fail-safe operation, and a soft stop for fail-safe operations. The LESV utilizes a device (ID Module) containing all the configuration and calibration information that is read by the Digital Valve Positioner (DVP) when the valve/actuator is connected and powered up.

The LESV is designed to operate only with a Woodward Digital Valve Positioner (DVP). Contact your sales or customer service representative for part numbers for your specific applications.

Table 1-1. LESV Large Electric Sonic Valve Specifications

Description	2, 3, 4, & 6-Inch (51, 76, 10 actuated natural gas sonic sensor	
Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF)	149 000 hrs. operation com valve / actuator / DVP / cab	•
Ambient Temperature Range	-30 to +80 °C (-22 to +176	°F)
Approximate Weight	Class 300 LESV 2-Inch - 113 kg / 250 lb. 3-Inch - 161 kg / 356 lb. 4-Inch - 195 kg / 430 lb. 6-Inch - 256 kg / 565 lb.	Class 600 LESV 2-Inch—113 kg / 250 lb. 3-Inch—167 kg / 368 lb. 4-Inch—207 kg / 456 lb. 6-Inch—278 kg / 613 lb.

Table 1-2. LELA Actuator

Description	Brushless dc motor with dual position feedback sensors	
Coil	Class H insulation	
Failure Mode	Spring type to drive valve to safe position with loss of signal (Fail Close)	
Bandwidth	35 rad/s with no more than 6 dB attenuation and less than 180 degrees phase loss at ±2 % magnitude and minimum supply voltage at DVP	
Characteristic	High Recovery LESV Ultra-High Recovery LESV	
Response Time Closing Time (measured from 90 % to 10 % during a 100 % to 0 % step)	2-Inch—200 ms 3-Inch—350 ms 3-Inch—700 ms 4-Inch—700 ms 6-Inch—700 ms	
Visual Position Indication	Yes	
Ingress Protection	IP55	
SIL2 Position Sensor	Yes	
SIL2 Position Sensor Input Voltage (typical)	24 V (dc)	
SIL2 Position Sensor Input Voltage (min)	20.4 V (dc)	
SIL2 Position Sensor Input Voltage (max)	28.8 V (dc)	
SIL2 Position Sensor Output Signal at 0 % Travel	13 9 to 4 3) ma (not including thermal effects)	
SIL2 Position Sensor Output Signal at 100 % Travel	(19.0 to 19.7) mA (not including thermal effects)	

Table 1-3. Valve

Operating Fluid	Natural gas*		
Gas Filtration	25 μm absolute at 75 beta requirement		
Valve Flange	Class 300 Flange	Class 600 Flange	Class 600 Flange Ultra-
Connection	High Recovery LESV†	High Recovery LESV†	High Recovery LESV [†]
Min Fluid Temperature	–29 °C (–20 °F)	–29 °C (–20 °F)	–29 °C (–20 °F)
Max Fluid Temperature	232 °C (450 °F)	260 °C (500 °F)	260 °C (500 °F)
Min Fluid Pressure	0 kPa (0 psig)	0 kPa (0 psig)	0 kPa (0 psig)
Max Fluid Pressure	3902 kPa at 38 °C (566 psig at 100 °F)	4000 kPa at 38 °C (580 psig at 100 °F)	4171 kPa at 38 °C (605 psig at 100 °F)
	3434 kPa at 232 °C (498 psig at 450 °F)	4000 kPa at 260 °C (580 psig at 500 °F)	4171 kPa at 260 °C (605 psig at 500 °F)
Proof Test Pressure/Production	7584 kPa / 1100psig	9136 kPa / 1325psig	9480 kPa /1375 psig
Overboard Leakage (see Fuel Overboard Vent Port section)	<50 cm³/min as shipped	<50 cm³/min as shipped	<50 cm³/min as shipped
Trim Sizes	es Contact Woodward for various Cg trim sizes		

*Corrosive Fuels Recommendations

Woodward valves are designed to meet the full performance and lifetime specifications only when operated in an environment with less than 20 ppm H₂S. Woodward has no definitive performance experience for these valves operating above 20 ppm H₂S and therefore recommends an annual inspection along with a scheduled overhaul interval of no more than 20,000 operating hours or two years, whichever comes first. **This is a change to our normal recommendation for overhaul at 48,000 operating hours.** During overhaul the valve will be evaluated, and further recommendations can be provided which may include an update to the overhaul schedule.

NOTE: Regarding Atmospheric Environment, Woodward products are designed based on non-corrosive gas conditions. Besides particulates, the atmospheric environment may also contain corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, nitrous oxide, and chlorine. Product printed circuit assemblies are basically conformal coated with a specialized polyacrylate that provides protection from corrosive gaseous sulfur compounds and corrosion accelerants such as NOx and chlorine. By necessity, some areas cannot be coated—such as connectors, jumpers, test points, and field terminations. The larger conductor spacing, thicker metallization, and corrosion resistant plating of these uncoated areas will mitigate the effects of corrosion for a time but not prevent eventual damage.

The sulfur resistant coating will provide protection for coated components in moderately severe atmospheric environments as described by ISA S71.04-19852 level "G2", and IEC 721-3-3 1994 TABLE 4 Class 3C2 (Urban Industrial, Heavy Traffic). See Tables 2 and 3 of <u>Woodward Application Note 51530</u>. Long-term use in more severe environments is not recommended because some critical reactive metal connection surfaces cannot be coated and corrosion will occur at a rate determined by the corrosive gas concentrations and mixtures, materials, temperature, and humidity.

† High Recovery or Ultra High Recovery

If the supplied valves are High Recovery or Ultra High Recovery, the following feature (extension) is added in addition to the outline drawing dimensions for the outlet flange. Take care not to damage the extension.

NOTICE

Do NOT use the extension to support the valve in any manner.

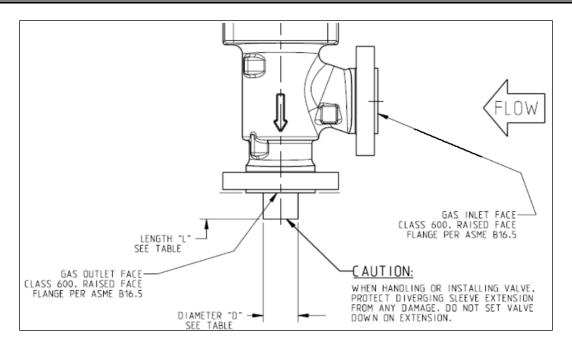


Figure 1-1. Representative Outline Deviation of High Recovery and Ultra High Recovery Valves

Table 1-4. Dimensions "L" and "D" per Figure 1-1 for High Recovery LESVs

Valve Size	Dimension "L" (Inches)	Dimension "D" (Inches)	Recovery Factor
2-Inch	1.500	1.670	1.08
3-Inch	3.700	2.620	1.08
4-Inch	5.000	3.250	1.08
6-Inch	7.000	4.500	1.08

Table 1-5. Dimensions "L" and "D" per Figure 1-1 for Ultra High Recovery LESVs

Valve Size	Dimension "L" (Inches)	Dimension "D" (Inches)	Recovery Factor
2-Inch	4.000	1.880	1.06
3-Inch	6.000	2.810	1.06
4-Inch	8.000	3.960	1.06
6-Inch	12.000	5.580	1.06

LESV Outline Drawings

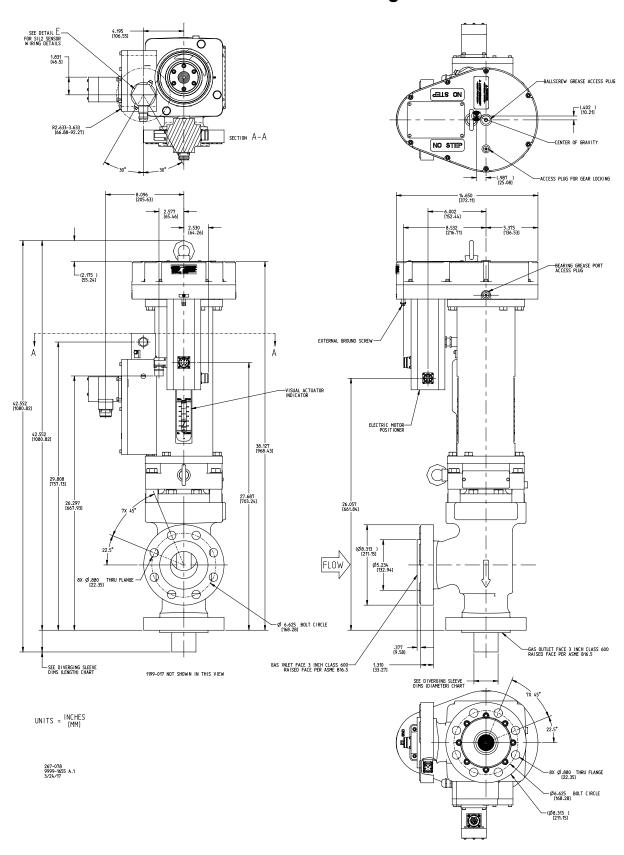


Figure 1-2a. Outline Drawing (3-Inch HR LESV)

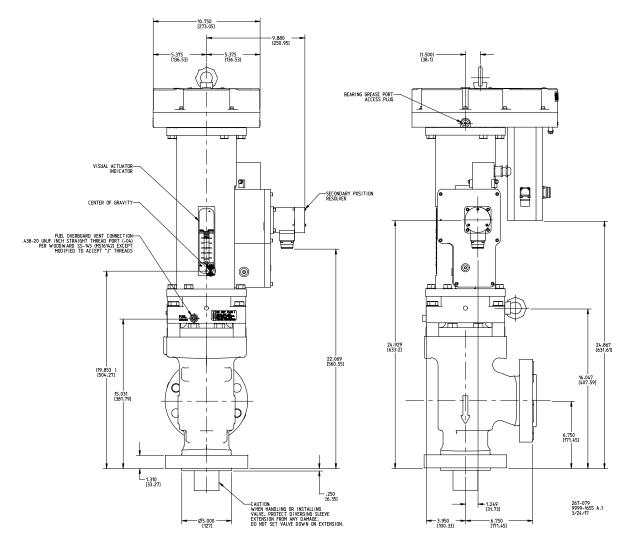


Figure 1-2b. Outline Drawing (3-Inch HR LESV)

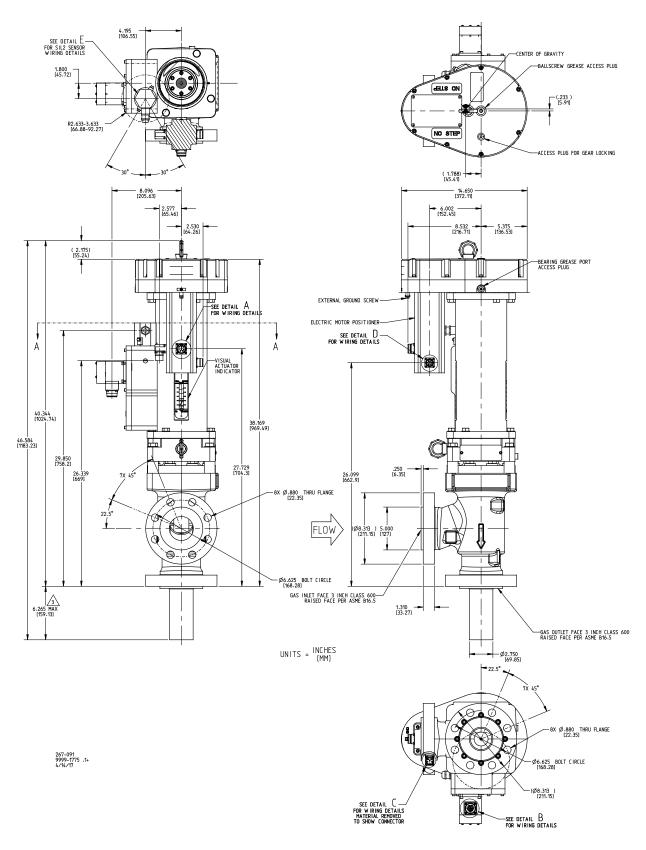


Figure 1-3a. Outline Drawing (3-inch UHR LESV)

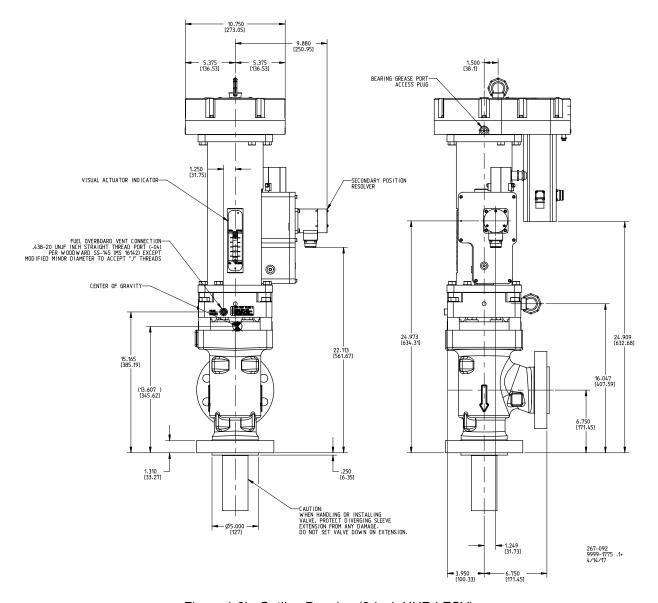


Figure 1-3b. Outline Drawing (3-inch UHR LESV)

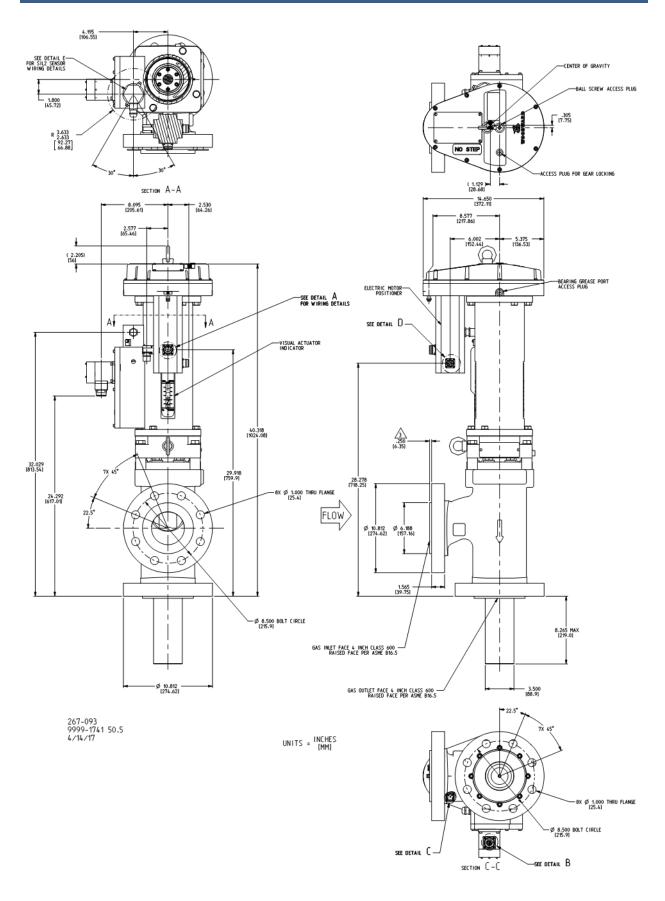


Figure 1-4a. Outline Drawing (4-Inch UHR LESV)

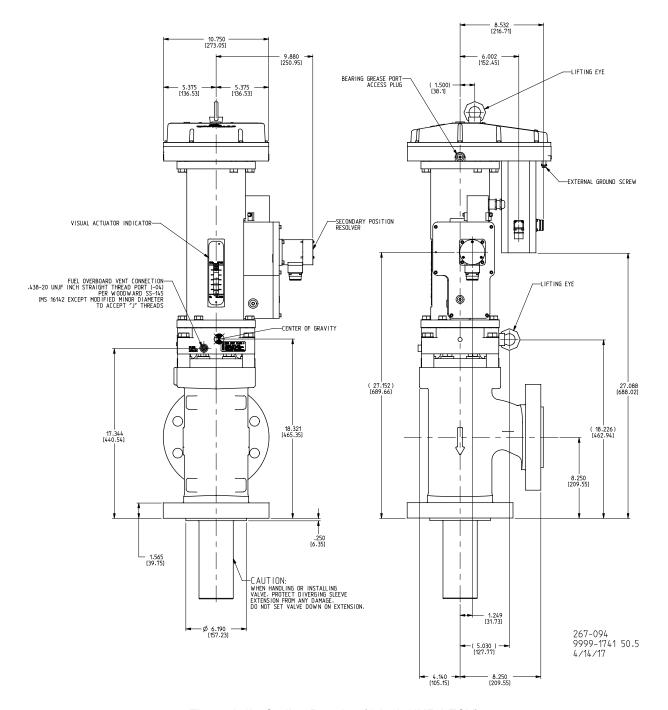


Figure 1-4b. Outline Drawing (4-Inch UHR LESV)

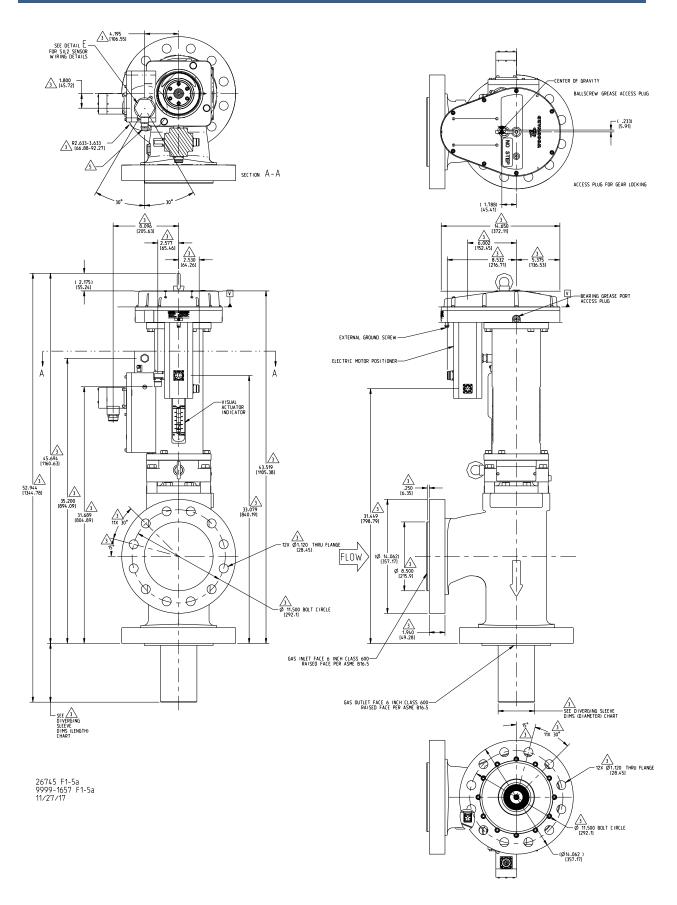


Figure 1-5a. Outline Drawing (6-Inch HR LESV)

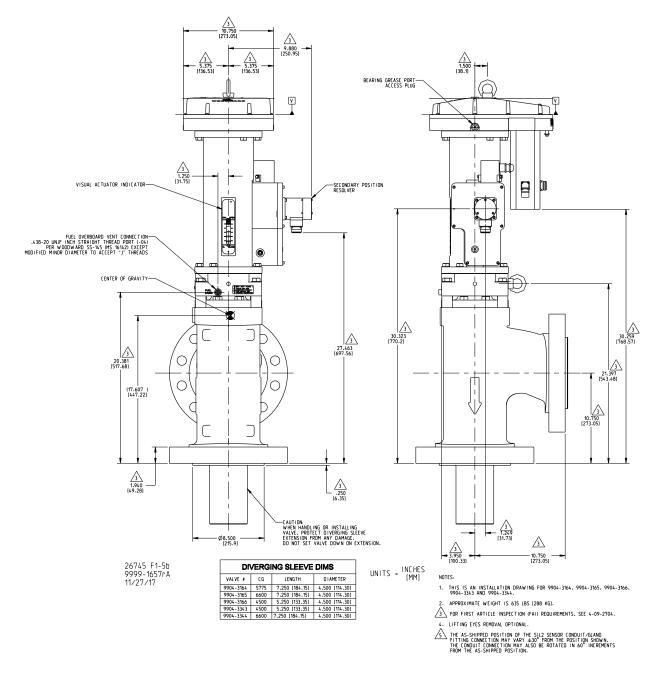


Figure 1-5b. Outline Drawing (6-Inch HR LESV)

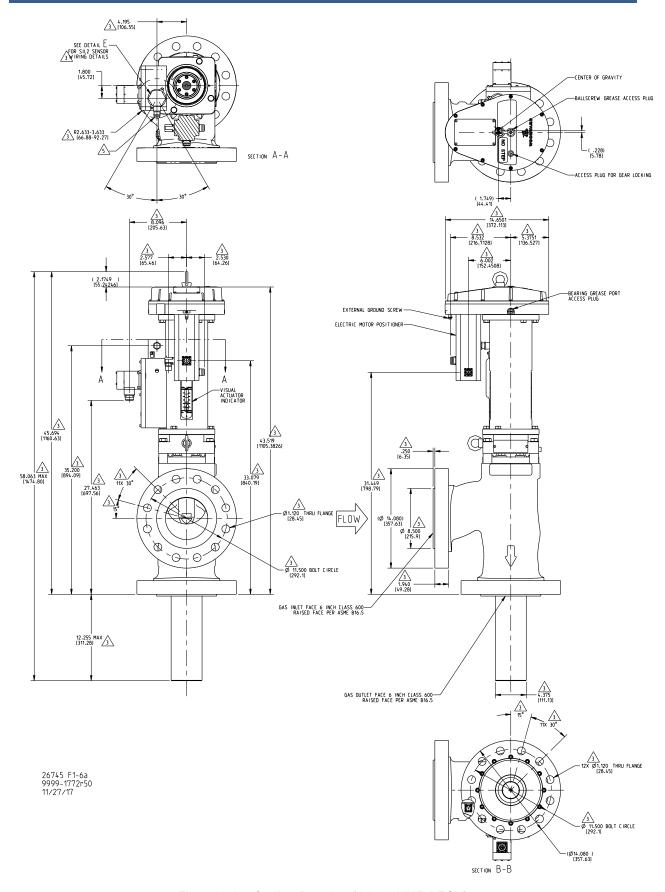


Figure 1-6a. Outline Drawing (6-Inch UHR LESV)

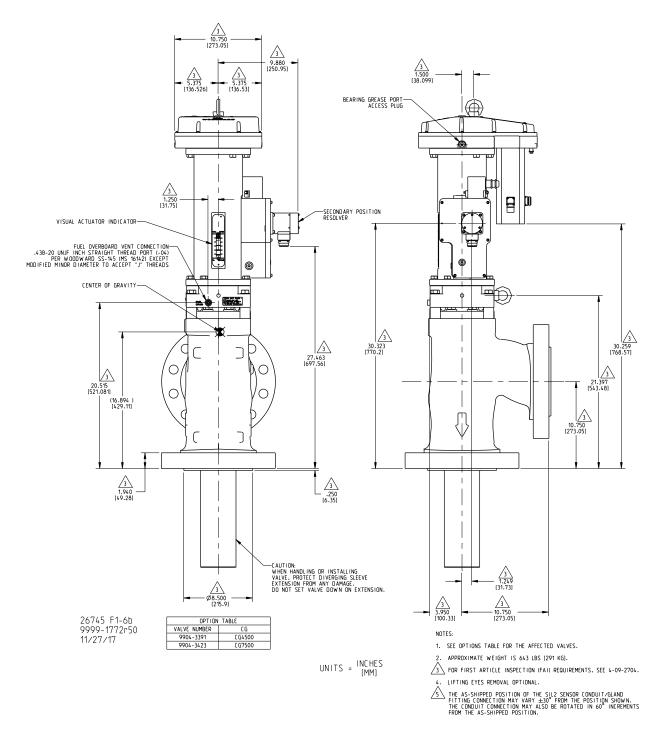
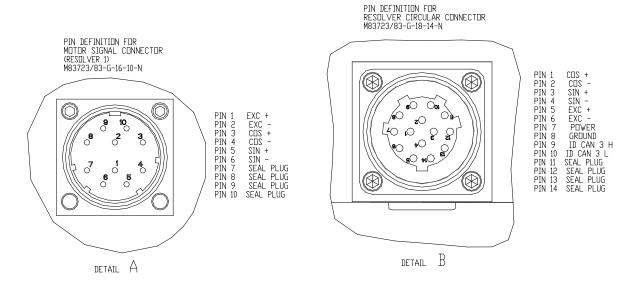


Figure 1-6b. Outline Drawing (6-Inch UHR LESV)



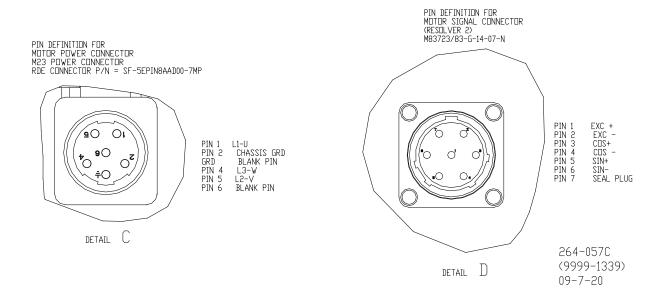


Figure 1-7. Connector Pin-outs

Table 1-6. SIL2 Sensor Wiring Connections

Terminal	Function
1	Signal Output 1
2	Signal Ground 1
3	Do Not Connect
4	Do Not Connect
5	Supply 24 Vdc
6	Supply Ground
7/PE	Housing/Potential Equalization

Chapter 2. Description

Actuator: Woodward LELA (Large Electric Linear Actuator)

The LELA actuator consists of:

- A brushless dc motor that provides torque
- An integral resolver for motor commutation and position feedback to the controller
- A valve stem resolver for motor resolver verification
- A magnetostrictive feedback sensor for SIL2 position
- A high-efficiency ball screw for rotary-to-linear motion conversion

The LELA actuator also contains:

- A fail-safe spring designed to extend the actuator if power is removed from the actuator
- A soft-stop spring to dissipate motor rotor inertia during fail-safe shutdown and prevent ball screw damage
- A cam follower to provide apposing torque during slew operations
- A lifting eye to aid installation

Brushless DC Motor

The LELA actuator uses a permanent-magnet, electrically commutated, brushless dc motor. The motor components are rated for service from –40 to +155 °C (–40 to +311 °F). The motor is a permanently lubricated assembly with a sealed enclosure rating of IP55.

Resolver Position Feedback Sensors

The primary position feedback transducer is the resolver that is integral to the dc brushless motor. The actuator also has a valve stem resolver which functions as a watchdog of the primary motor control, to prevent runaway conditions and to ensure that the primary motor resolver is reading correctly. Linear shaft motion is converted to angular rotation for the valve stem resolver through a linkage. Parameter files are loaded onto the DVP to specifically match the valve characteristics in order to obtain the most accurate position sensing.

SIL2 Position Feedback Sensor

The LELA actuator also has a magnetostrictive feedback sensor for SIL2 function that is connected to the valve stem. Electronically, this SIL2 sensor is connected only to the customer control system and is not connected to the Woodward DVP. The SIL2 sensor serves as a position indicator for valve position independent of the DVP and is used primarily to accurately control fuel flow during turbine light-off.

The components in the SIL2 sensor are rated for service over a range of -40 to +93 °C (-40 to +199 °F). However, to meet the SIL requirements for component reliability, the LESV ambient temperature range has been limited to -30 to +80 °C (-22 to +176 °F). Therefore, if at any time while the LESV is in service, the ambient temperature exceeds +80 °C, the sensor must be replaced. Refer to Chapter 4 for instructions for sensor replacement.

Soft Stop Spring

A soft stop spring is integral to the actuator and provides a bumper-like action if the actuator is driven hard into the fully extended position. This happens only on loss of power, certain wiring faults, and in rare cases, internal fault conditions within the positioner.

The soft stop mechanism is not used when the positioner is controlling the actuator. Although the positioner will rapidly drive the actuator toward the minimum position, it also decelerates the actuator as the actuator approaches the mechanical minimum stop. Under the control of the positioner, the actuator should not reach the mechanical minimum stop at a high velocity.

Valve Portion: SonicFlo

The SonicFlo contoured plug valve consists of a valve housing, metering plug, diverging sleeve, pilot sleeve/bonnet, and actuator adapter. The metering elements of this valve are a contoured plug and a hardened seat. The plug is contoured to provide various Cg-vs-position-flow characteristics from 0 % to 100 % stroke. Please contact Woodward for available trim sizes and Cg profiles.

Chapter 3. Installation

General

See the outline drawings (Figures 1-2 through 1-5) for:

- Overall dimensions
- Process piping flange locations
- Electrical connections
- Lift points and center of gravity

Installation attitude does not affect actuator or fuel valve performance, but a vertical position is generally preferred to conserve floor space as well as ease of making electrical and fuel connections. Horizontal mounting is acceptable, but the visual position indicator does not meet the impact requirements of IEC 60079-15, and therefore must not be mounted facing upwards.

The LESV is designed for support by the piping flanges alone; additional supports are neither needed nor recommended. Do not use this valve to provide support to any other component in the system. The piping should be aligned and adequately supported such that excessive piping loads are not transmitted to the valve body.



EXPLOSION HAZARD—The surface temperature of this valve approaches the maximum temperature of the applied process media. It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that the external environment contains no hazardous gases capable of ignition in the range of the process media temperatures.



Do not operate the valve without proper support for the diverging sleeve. IF BENCH TESTING THE VALVE, ENSURE THAT ASME/ANSI RATED FLANGES ARE GASKETED AND INSTALLED OVER THE INLET AND DISCHARGE FLANGES WITH THE BOLTS PROPERLY TORQUED. The diverging sleeve screws by themselves are not designed to hold pressure loads. Failure to comply with this warning may result in personal injury. Do not place hands inside valve body during inspection, cleaning, or operation.



DIVERGING SLEEVE SCREWS -DO NOT PRESSURE LOAD!



Figure 3-1. Illustration of Diverging Sleeve Screws

Diverging Sleeve assembly screws are not designed to hold pressure loads. If bench testing, do not apply pressure to the valve without ANSI flanges (see below figures).

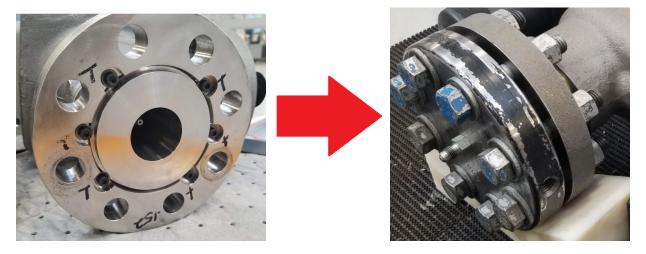


Figure 3-2. Illustration of Raised Face Style Diverging Sleeve

Raised Face style diverging sleeves should be secured with a blind flange when bench testing

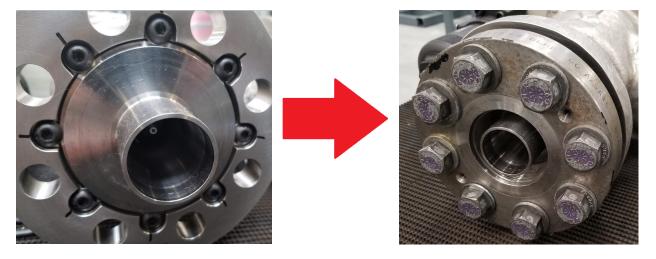


Figure 3-3. Illustration of Extension Style Diverging Sleeve

Extension style diverging sleeves should be secured with a threaded or weld neck style flange when bench testing



Due to typical noise levels in turbine environments, hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the Large Electric Sonic Valve. Noise levels of greater than 90 dB are possible.



The surface of this product can become hot enough or cold enough to be a hazard. Use protective gear for product handling in these circumstances. Temperature ratings are included in the specification section of this manual.



Lift or handle the valve only by using the eyebolts.

The LESV is not designed to be a step or to support the weight of a person.



External fire protection is not provided in the scope of this product. It is the responsibility of the user to satisfy any applicable requirements for their system.

Piping Installation

Refer to ANSI B16.5 for details of flange, gasket, and bolt types and dimensions.

The LESV is designed for support by the piping flanges alone; additional supports are neither needed nor recommended.

The LESV is a 90° angle valve. Verify that the process piping centerline-to-flange-face dimensions meet the requirements of the outline drawings (Figures 1-2 through 1-5) within standard piping tolerances. The valve should mount between the piping interfaces such that the flange bolts can be installed with only manual pressure applied to align the flanges. Mechanical devices such as hydraulic or mechanical jacks, pulleys, chain-falls, or similar equipment should never be used to force the piping system to align with the valve flanges.

ASTM/ASME grade bolts or studs should be used to install the valve into the process piping. The length and diameter of the bolts or studs shall conform to ANSI B16.5, according to the appropriate flange size and class.

Flange gasket materials should conform to ANSI B16.20. Select a gasket material which will withstand the expected bolt loading without injurious crushing, and which is suitable for the service conditions.

When installing the valve into the process piping, it is important to properly torque the studs/bolts in the appropriate sequence in order to keep the flanges of the mating hardware parallel to each other. A two-step torque method is recommended. Once the studs/bolts are hand-tightened, torque the studs/bolts in a crossing pattern to half the required torque. Once all studs/bolts have been torqued to half the appropriate value, repeat the pattern until the rated torque value is obtained.

Do not insulate the valve or actuator. Insulation may be used on the inlet horizontal leg of the pipe. There should be no insulation around the outlet flange of the valve or the outlet riser pipe. If the outlet riser pipe is longer than six diameters, insulation may be used below the 6-diameter mark. This is because the purge temperature is extremely hot and may damage the valve seals.

Note: The valve discharge flange must not exceed 277 °C (530 °F) when the valve is closed and the downstream circuit is being purged.

Piping loads that can be considered "typical" have been used in the design of the housing to ensure that there is not an adverse effect from the stresses applied to the housing from the inlet and outlet piping. The loads which were used in the design of these housings are (and should not be exceeded):

6600 N·m

(4867.9 lb-ft)

Valve Size	Max Axial Pipe Force	Max Pipe Moment
50 mm	3600 N	2200 N·m
(2 inch)	(809.3 lbs.)	(1622.6 lb-ft)
80 mm	5400 N	3300 N·m
(3 inch)	(1214 lbs.)	(2434 lb-ft)
100 mm	7200 N	4400 N·m
(4 inch)	(1618 Lbs)	(3245.3 lb-ft)

110000 N

(2472.9 lbs)

Table 3-1. Piping Loads According to Valve Size

Fuel Overboard Vent Connection

There is a fuel overboard vent port that must be vented to a safe location. In normal operation, this vent should have very low leakage.



150 mm

(6 inch)

Never plug the fuel overboard vent port, which could cause the valve to malfunction or to operate improperly.

Valve Characteristic Data

Flow testing is conducted on every valve before shipment. Results from this flow testing produce Cg-vs-position characteristics of the valve. Each valve must demonstrate predetermined Cg characteristics before it can be shipped.

Calibration

When the actuator controller is activated, it performs an automatic rigging procedure that checks system health and verifies the value is in the proper position. No additional steps are required from the operator.

Because the SIL2 sensor is not connected to the DVP, the automatic rigging procedure does not include calibration of the SIL2 sensor. Calibration of the SIL2 sensor is performed using the customer control system.

Valve/Actuator Configuration Settings

The LESV utilizes a device (ID Module) containing all the configuration and calibration information that is read by the Digital Valve Positioner (DVP) when the valve/actuator is connected and powered up. Initial configuration settings for the valve/actuator do not need to be entered into the DVP due to the ID Module communicating directly with the positioner. However, in the unlikely event the configuration settings must be entered manually, the following tables outline the necessary configuration settings for the LESV. These configuration settings are divided into three groups: User Configuration Parameters, Valve Part Number Specific Parameters, and Valve Serial Number Specific Parameters. Some of the configuration settings include factory calibration information. Please contact Woodward with the valve part number and serial number for the data containing the specific calibration and configuration settings if the need arises. Many of these parameters are accessible via the Woodward Service Tool.

User Configuration Parameters

The User Configuration Parameters are used in the DVP to define the interface between the DVP and the turbine control system. Examples of these include the demand type selection, analog input scaling, discrete input and output configurations, etc. For a complete description of all the options for the User Configuration Parameters, please see the DVP product manual.

Valve Part Number Specific Parameters

These parameters define the settings based on a particular valve type (part number). Every valve of the same type, regardless of serial number, will have the same settings. Refer to the table below for a definition of these settings. For instructions on how to enter these values, refer to the DVP manual.



Please contact Woodward for the correct settings for your application.

Table 3-2. Valve Part Number Specific Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Value/Units
ValveTypeld.		
IdModuleVersion	Parameter set version	1 = Rev 0
		2 = Rev 1, etc.
ValveType	Selects valve type	9 = 1.5-Inch Stroke
		LESV
		10 = 3.0-Inch Stroke
		LESV
		11 = 0.5-Inch Stroke
		LESV
ValveProductCode	Upper level part number of valve assembly	XXXX-XXXX
ValveProductRev	EC Revision of Valve Assembly	1 = NEW
		2 = A
		3 = B, etc.
		100 = Rev 0
		101 = Rev 1, etc.
BLDCPosStateParams.		
MinCheckCurrent	Current to close valve during min startup check	amps
MaxCheckCurrent	Current to preload valve in opening direction	amps
	during min startup check	
MotorDirectioncheckLimit	Min movement in the closing direction during	% of electrical
	startup check to avoid a motor direction error	revolution
SetPosZeroCutOffParams.		
Mode	Turns on or off the zero cut off function	0 = Off
		1 = On
LowLimit	Zero cut off will be turned on below this stroke	%
HighLimit	Zero cut off will be turned off above this limit	%
DelayTime	Delay time before zero cut off is turned on	ms
ModelPositionErrParams.		
PosErrMotorAlarmTime	Motor resolver delay time before a position	sec
	error is flagged as an alarm	
PosErrMotorAlarmLimit	Alarm limit for error allowed between the	%
	position demand and the motor resolver	
	feedback	
PosErrMotorShutdownTime	Motor resolver delay time before a position	sec
	error creates a shutdown	
PosErrMotorShutdownLimit	Shutdown limit for error allowed between the	%
	position demand and the motor resolver	
	feedback	
PosErrShaftAlarmTime	Shaft resolver delay time before a position	sec
	error is flagged as an alarm	
PosErrShaftAlarmLimit	Alarm limit for error allowed between the	%
	position demand and the shaft resolver	
	feedback	

Table 3-2. Valve Part Number Specific Parameters (cont'd.)

Parameter Name	Description	Value/Units
PosErrShaftShutdownTime	Shaft resolver delay time before a position error creates a shutdown	sec
PosErrShaftShutdownLimit	Shutdown limit for error allowed between the position demand and the shaft resolver feedback	%
NoiseFilterParams.		
NoiseFilterMode	Selects noise filter mode	
Bandwidth	Input noise filter bandwidth	Hz
Damping	Input noise filter damping	Typical 2 nd order response is 1.0
Threshold	Below this threshold the gain setting will be used, above this threshold the gain setting will be set to 1.0	%
Gain	Input noise filter gain	
PaceMakerParams.	-	
Mode	Turns on or off the pace maker function	0 = Off 1 = On
DelayTime	Delay time between pace maker pulses	min
PositionStep	Position demand magnitude for the pace maker pulse	%
ImpulseHalfDuration	Time pulse remains high, also time pulse remains low	ms

Valve Serial Number Specific Parameters

Each valve, regardless of valve type or part number, will have a set of unique settings corresponding to the calibration process done on each unit at the factory. Refer to the table below for a definition of these settings. Please contact Woodward in the event these values need to be entered into the DVP.

Table 3-3. Valve Serial Number Specific Parameters

Parameter Name	Description	Value
ValveTypeld.		
ValveSerialNum	Valve assembly serial number	Factory Calibrated
ResolverScalingParms.		
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.Length1	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.Length2	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.Xoffset	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.YatZero	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.YatMax	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.ROffset	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated
Shaft1Resolver.LelaScaling.RRollOver	Secondary resolver calibration	Factory Calibrated

Table 3-3. Valve Serial Number Specific Parameters (cont'd.)

Parameter Name	Description	Value
BLDCPosStateParams.	•	
MinCheckMotorResMin	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MinCheckMotorResMax	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MinCheckShaftResMin	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MinCheckShaftResMax	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MaxCheckMotorResMin	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MaxCheckMotorResMax	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MaxCheckShaftResMin	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MaxCheckShaftResMax	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
MotorResolverOffset	Startup diagnostic limit	Factory Calibrated
SetPosOffsetParams.Offset	Calibration position offset	Factory Calibrated

Electrical Connections



Due to the hazardous location listings associated with this product, proper wire type and wiring practices are critical to operation.



Do not connect any cable grounds to "instrument ground", "control ground", or any non-earth ground system. Make all required electrical connections based on the wiring diagrams (Figure 1-6).



For best noise immunity, and to prevent damage to on-board actuator instruments, the motor power cables should be run in separate cable trays or conduits from the motor resolver cables and any other low-level signal cables.

Connect external ground terminal of actuator to the earth ground. This must be the same grounding system as the driver's earth ground. Refer to the outline drawings (Figures 1-2 through 1-5) for location of grounding lug in order to properly earth ground the LESV.

Figures 3-4a, 3-4b, 3-5, and 3-6 show drawings typical of the four dedicated cables used to connect the LESV valve to the DVP driver. The drawings in these figures include wiring diagrams and connector descriptions. Application-specific requirements such as termination at the DVP, length and environmental conditions, etc., may result in a custom implementation of these cables by the customer.



Electrical circular connectors must be properly seated and tightened in order to provide correct performance, to eliminate potential shock hazard, and to maintain the LESV's IP rating.



The LESV are to be used only with the Woodward Digital Valve Positioner (DVP).

Wiring must be in accordance with North American Class I, Division 2 or International Zone 2 wiring methods as applicable and in accordance with the authority having jurisdiction.

This product is designed for use with four dedicated cables that connect the DVP to the valve/actuator assembly. These cables must be used for the system to meet all CSA, ATEX, and EMC requirements. Make sure that the cable connectors are fully engaged and tightened.

Firmly seat all electrical connections on the appropriate connector. A seating torque of 22 inch pounds (2.5 N-m) should be applied to the power connector to ensure proper connection.

Power Connector

The mating power cable connector shall be installed hand-tight followed by a final torque of 2.5 Nm (22 lb.-in) to meet the IP rating.



Figure 3-4. Power Connector

Note: Actual connector orientation on motor may appear different than that shown.

Motor Resolver Connectors (Two Resolvers)

Install these two mating cable connectors by hand, so that the red line is no longer visible and the connector cannot be turned any further.



Figure 3-5. Motor Resolver Connectors

ID Module/Shaft Resolver Actuator Connector

Install the mating cable connector by hand, so that the red line is no longer visible and the connector cannot be turned any further.

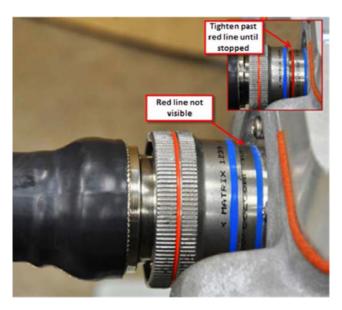


Figure 3-6. ID Module/Shaft Resolver Actuator Connector

Note: Actual connector location on actuator may appear different than that shown.

For the SIL2 sensor electrical wiring, the SIL2 sensor housing is manufactured with a 1/2" NPT electrical conduit connection. The SIL2 sensor is shipped with a cable gland fitting installed into this NPT connection for use in European applications; the cable gland fitting is designed for use with cable diameters of 10 mm to 14 mm. For North American applications, this cable gland fitting can be removed and discarded, and the customer conduit installed directly into the NPT connection.

The SIL2 sensor electrical connection terminal block is located inside the sensor housing, under the removable cover. To access the terminal block, remove the five hex-head cap screws that secure the cover to the housing using a 3 mm hex wrench. Refer to Figures A and B for the location of the cover screws and electrical terminal block. In order to access the terminal block more easily, as shown in Figures C and D, the sensor housing may be removed by removing the six mounting screws.

To connect customer wiring to the SIL2 sensor terminal block, insert a screwdriver into the terminal block to pry open the spring-loaded connectors as shown in Figure E, but use caution not to apply excessive force. Refer to Figure 1-6 for terminal definition.

Once the wiring connections are secured, re-install the sensor housing and sensor cover; torque the screws for each to $0.9~\rm N\cdot m$ / $8~\rm lb.$ -in. Note that the conduit entry/cable gland fitting may be oriented in 60° increments from the as-shipped position.





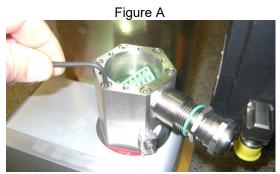




Figure C Figure D



Figure E

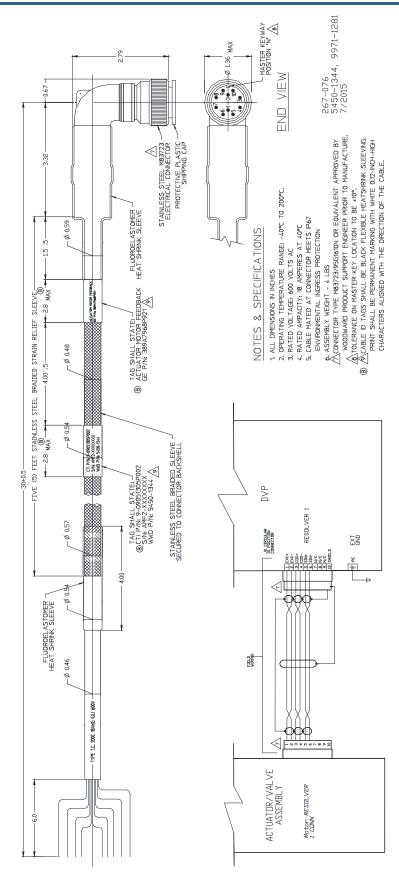


Figure 3-7a. Cable, Motor Resolver 1, Feedback Signal

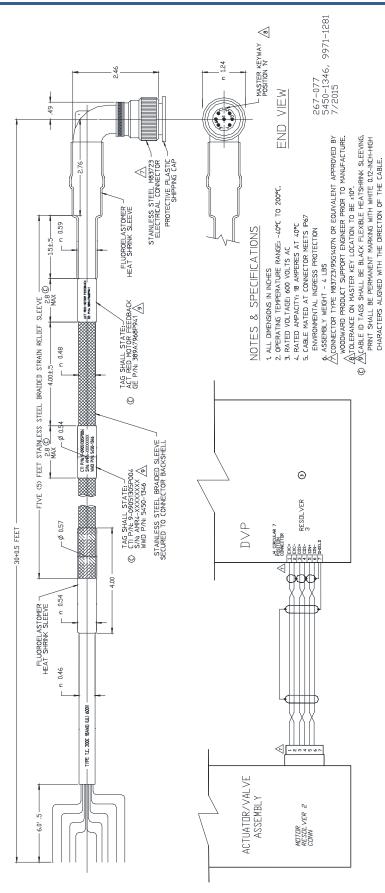


Figure 3-7b. Cable, Motor Resolver 2, Feedback Signal

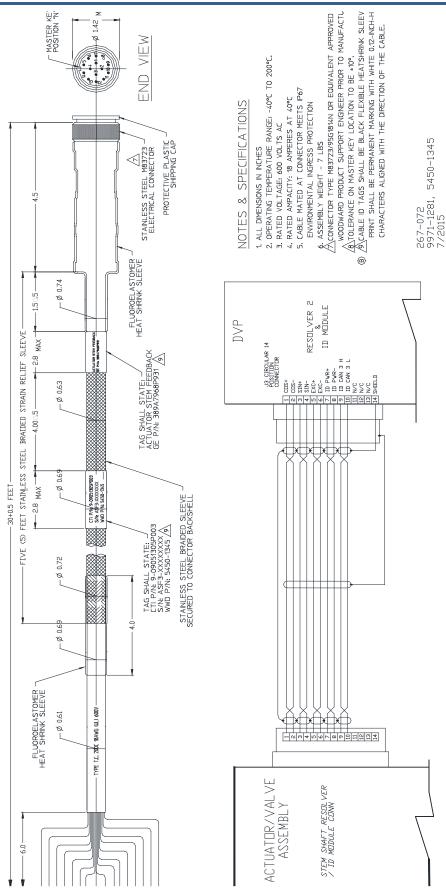


Figure 3-8. Cable, Stem Shaft Resolver, Feedback Signal

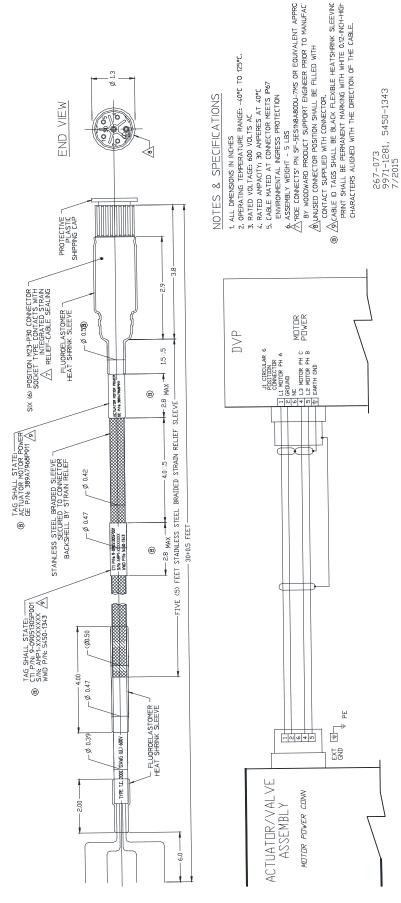


Figure 3-9. Cable, Motor Power

Chapter 4. Maintenance and Hardware Replacement

Maintenance

The only maintenance required for the Large Electric Sonic Valve is lubricating the ball screw and bearing and inspecting the fuel overboard vent port every 12 months, in accordance with the descriptions below.

The LESV is not designed with field-replaceable components. Contact the turbine manufacturer (primary contact) or Woodward (secondary contact) for assistance in the event there is a problem requiring service or replacement.

Hardware Replacement



EXPLOSION HAZARD—Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2, or Zone 2.



To prevent possible serious personal injury, or damage to equipment, be sure all electric power, hydraulic pressure, and gas pressure have been removed from the valve and actuator before beginning any maintenance or repairs.



Lift or handle the valve only by using the eyebolts.



Due to typical noise levels in turbine environments, hearing protection should be worn when working on or around the Large Electric Sonic Valve. Noise levels of greater than 90 dB are possible.



The surface of this product can become hot enough or cold enough to be a hazard. Use protective gear for product handling in these circumstances. Temperature ratings are included in the specification section of this manual.



The LESV contains a mechanical spring under load. Do not disassemble, as this spring can cause bodily harm.



Use only Woodward-approved grease to lubricate the ball screw and bearing in this actuator. Use of any other grease will reduce performance and reliability. Woodward lubrication kits are available as part number 8923-1186.

Ball Screw Lubrication Procedure



Wear rubber gloves in order to avoid contact with the grease during the lubrication procedure.

Lubricating the Ball Screw Assembly

- 1. Clean the outside of the actuator to ensure that no debris gets inside the actuator during the lubrication process. Any debris on the ball screw will reduce its life.
- 2. Remove the ball screw access plug located on the top of the gear cover with a 5/16 inch hex wrench (Figure F).
- 3. Remove the ball screw port plug with a 3/16 inch hex wrench (Figure G).
- 4. Set the ball screw access and port plugs aside and keep clean, ensuring that they are not scratched or marred.
- 5. Attach the thread connector of the grease syringe to the threaded grease port of the ball screw. The fitting should be fully seated (Figure H).
- 6. Inject 2 cm³ of Woodward approved grease (8923-1186) into the ball screw grease port.
- 7. Remove the grease syringe from the ball screw grease port and install the ball screw port plug. Do not torque the port plug (Figure J).
- 8. Remove the plug that is adjacent to the ball screw port, set aside, and keep clean, ensuring that the plug is not scratched or marred (Figure K).
- 9. Using a permanent marker or tape, mark a 5/32 inch Allen wrench at 2.75 inches from the bottom. Make sure the top of the marking is at 2.75 inches (Figure L).
- 10. Insert the Allen wrench into the port located adjacent to the ball screw port. The Allen wrench is seated if the marking is below the top surface of the gear cover (Figure M).
- 11. If the Allen wrench is not seated, rotate the gears using a 3/16 inch hex wrench on the ball screw port plug and rotate clockwise until the 5/32 inch Allen wrench is seated.
- 12. Once the 5/32 inch Allen wrench is seated, torque the ball screw port plug to 38-42 lb.-in (4.3-4.7 Nm) (Figure N).
- 13. Remove the 5/32 inch Allen wrench from the port, install the plug into the port located adjacent to the ball screw port, and torque to 38–42 lb.-in (4.3–4.7 Nm) (Figure P).
- 14. Install the ball screw access plug and torque to 145–155 lb.-in (16.4–17.5 Nm) (Figure R).









Figure H



Figure J



Figure K



Figure L



Figure M



Figure N

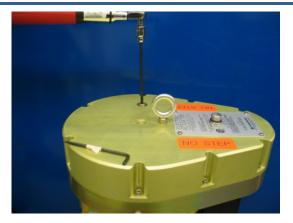




Figure P Figure R

Bearing Lubrication Procedure

Lubricating the Bearing Assembly

- 1. Clean the outside of the actuator to ensure that no debris gets inside the actuator during the lubrication process. Any debris in the bearing will reduce its life.
- 2. Remove the bearing port plug with a 3/16 inch hex wrench (Figure S).

 Note: Some actuator models have bearing port plugs on both sides of the gearbox housing to allow for access from either side. For these models, the following greasing procedure only needs to be performed on one grease port. Leave the plug installed in the other port that is not being greased.
- 3. Set the plug aside and keep clean, ensuring that the inside plug surface is not scratched or marred.
- 4. Attach the thread connector of the grease syringe to the threaded bearing grease port. The fitting should be fully seated (Figure T).
- 5. Inject 2 cm³ of Woodward approved grease (8923-1186) into the bearing grease port.
- 6. Remove the grease syringe from the bearing port and install the bearing port plug. Torque to 38–42 lb.-in (4.3–4.7 Nm) (Figure U).



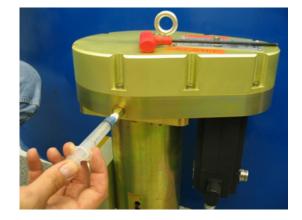


Figure S Figure T



Figure U

Fuel Overboard Vent Port

There is a fuel overboard vent port that must be vented to a safe location. In normal operation, this vent should have very low leakage. However, if excessive leakage is detected from this vent port, contact a Woodward representative for assistance.



Never plug the fuel overboard vent port, which could cause the valve to malfunction or to operate improperly.

Fuel Overboard Vent Port Annual Inspections

Pressurize the valve section of the assembly to the rated pressure of 3447 kPa (500 psig) and perform the following inspections:

- Inspect external sealing surfaces for leakage using leak detect fluid (no leakage is permitted). These
 locations include the inlet and discharge flange connections, as well as the pilot sleeve/valve body
 interface.
- Inspect for excessive overboard vent leakage (100 cm³/min maximum / 6.1 in³/min) from the Fuel Overboard Vent Port.

SIL2 Sensor Replacement

The SIL2 sensor may be replaced in the field using the following procedure (refer to Figures 4-1a and 4-1b).

- 1. Remove the 5 screws securing the sensor cover and remove the cover from the sensor body.
- 2. Disconnect the field wiring and customer cable and gland fitting, or conduit from the sensor housing.
- 3. Remove the 5 screws securing the upper sensor housing to the lower sensor body, and remove the sensor housing.
- 4. Remove the ground screw and associated hardware from the side of the lower sensor body.
- 5. Using a 2-1/2-Inch wrench on the lower sensor body, un-thread the sensor from the mounting port.
- 6. Thread the new sensor into the mounting port. Torque the sensor to 44.7 Nm (33 lb-ft).
- 7. Re-connect the field wiring and customer cable and/or conduit to the new sensor housing.
- 8. Re-install the sensor cover and mounting screws. Torque the screws to 0.9 Nm (8 lb.-in).



Figure 4-1a. SIL Sensor Replacement

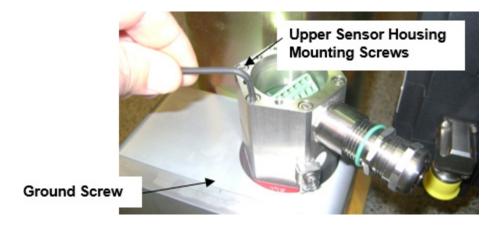


Figure 4-1b. SIL Sensor Replacement

Chapter 5. Troubleshooting

Faults in the fuel control or governing system are often associated with speed variations of the prime mover, but such speed variations do not always indicate fuel control or governing system faults. Therefore, when improper speed variations occur, check all components, including the engine or turbine, for proper operation. Refer to the applicable electronic control manuals for assistance in isolating the trouble. The following table describes troubleshooting for the gas fuel control valve.

Disassembly of the Large Electric Sonic Valve in the field is not recommended due to the dangerous forces contained in the springs. Under unusual circumstances, where disassembly becomes necessary, all work and adjustments should be made by personnel thoroughly trained in the proper procedures. When inspecting the valve for suspected blockages, remove the valve from the fuel system and only inspect with the unit powered off.



The LESV contains a mechanical spring under load. Do NOT disassemble, as this spring can cause bodily harm.



When inspecting the valve internally through the flanges for potential blockages remove the valve from the fuel system and ensure that all power and electrical cables are disconnected. Never place hands inside the valve without ensuring that power is disconnected and the position indicator shows the valve is at the closed position.



Do not operate the valve without proper support for the diverging sleeve. The diverging sleeve can only be properly supported by bolting and by properly torqueing the outlet flange either to piping or to an equivalent flange. Do not place hands inside the valve body during inspection, cleaning, or operation.



When requesting information or service help from Woodward, it is important to include the part number and serial number of the valve assembly in your communication.

Table 5-1. Troubleshooting Symptom, Causes, and Remedies

Symptom	Possible Causes	Remedies
Valve will not open because the DVP	Motor wires not properly connected between DVP and actuator	Conduct continuity check.
will not reset	Resolver wires not properly connected between DVP and actuator	Conduct continuity check.
	Resolver sine wires high and low are flipped	Conduct continuity check.
DVP will reset but valve will not open	Resolver cosine wires high and low are flipped	Conduct continuity check.
	Resolver sine and cosine wires are swapped	Conduct continuity check.
Upon enabling,	Resolver sine and cosine wires are swapped, and sine wires high and low are flipped	Conduct continuity check.
valve will open and then fail closed	Resolver sine and cosine wires are swapped, and cosine wires high and low are flipped	Conduct continuity check.
Poor flow accuracy	Characterization data in engine control does not match the valve	Verify characterization data matches the valve serial number.
	Build-up of contamination on the seat	Remove valve and inspect flow elements.
Poor position stability	One motor wire disconnected	Conduct continuity check.
	Incorrect parameter file loaded	Verify the parameter file matches the valve serial number.
Valve stem resolver indicates position error	Valve stem resolver wires not properly connected between DVP and actuator	Contact manufacture for instructions or return to manufacturer for repair.
	Faulty resolver	Return to manufacturer for repair.
	Drive train failure	Return to manufacturer for repair.
High overboard vent leakage	Internal seals damaged	Return to manufacturer for repair.
	Damage to valve seat or plug	Remove valve and inspect flow elements. Return to manufacturer for repair.
High seat leakage	Contamination buildup in seat or plug	Remove valve and inspect flow elements. Return to manufacturer for repair.
	Valve not fully closed	Remove valve and verify plug is not properly seated. Return to manufacturer for repair.
	Piping flange gaskets missing or deteriorated	Replace gaskets.
External gas fuel	Piping flanges improperly aligned	Rework piping as needed to achieve alignment requirements detailed in Chapter 3.
leakage	Piping flange bolts	Rework bolts as needed to achieve torque
	improperly torqued	requirements detailed in Chapter 3.
	Packing missing or deteriorated	Return actuator to Woodward for service.
SIL2 sensor output out of range at 0 %	Incorrect sensor wiring	Verify supply voltage and sensor output connections are correct.
or 100 % travel (see specifications)	Incorrect supply voltage	Verify sensor supply voltage is within specifications.
specifications)	Faulty sensor	Install replacement sensor.

Chapter 6. Safety Management – Position Feedback Light-Off Function Flow Sensor

Product Variations Certified

The SIL rated LESV (also known as LESV–Flow Sensor) is designed and certified to the functional safety standards according to IEC61508, Parts 1 through 7. Reference the product FMEDA: WOO 12-03-036 R001, and Certificate: WOO 1405129 C001.

The functional safety requirements in this chapter apply to all LESVs that have a SIL-rated position sensor installed (see table below). This SIL rated position sensor will have a DU FIT of less than 180.

The LESV-Flow Sensor is certified for use in applications up to SIL2 according to IEC61508.

The LESV–Flow Sensor is designed and verified to withstand the worst-case (or greater) expected environmental conditions as listed in other sections of this manual.

Covered LESV Versions

The table below identifies the LESVs that are SIL certified for the light-off function.

Table 6-1. SIL Certified LESVs

Valve Part Number	Flow Function SIL Level	Valve Shut- off Function SIL Level*	Valve Cg	Flange Rating (pounds)	Valve Size (inches)
9904-1983	Yes	Yes	2000	600	3
9904-1984	Yes	Yes	2900	600	3
9904-3137	Yes	Yes	2900	300	3
9904-3080	Yes	Yes	4500	600	6
9904-1985	Yes	Yes	5775	600	6
9904-1986	Yes	Yes	6600	600	6
9904-1987	Yes	Yes	7500	600	6
9904-3162	Yes	Yes	2000	600	3
9904-3163	Yes	Yes	2900	600	3
9904-3164	Yes	Yes	5775	600	6
9904-3165	Yes	Yes	6600	600	6
9904-3166	Yes	Yes	4500	600	6
9904-3420	Yes	Yes	2500	600	3
9904-3421	Yes	Yes	3655	600	4
9904-3422	Yes	Yes	4100	600	4
9904-3468	Yes	Yes	2500	600	3
9904-3469	Yes	Yes	2900	600	3
9904-3470	Yes	Yes	1500	600	3
9904-3471	Yes	Yes	6600	600	6
9904-3544	Yes	Yes	2500	600	3
9904-3545	Yes	Yes	3655	600	4
9904-3546	Yes	Yes	4100	600	4

*Note: For more detail in the shutoff SIF, see chapter 7

SFF (Safe Failure Fraction) for the LESV-Flow Sensor

The LESV–Flow Sensor is only one part of a sensor subsystem that supports the entire Light-Off SFF. This sensor subsystem consists of the LESV–Flow Sensor with a SIL-rated position sensor which as a combination provides position information that can be used to predict the actual fuel flow level through a fuel valve. The SFF for the subsystem should be calculated for the entire sensor element combination. The SFF is the fraction of the overall failure rate of any device or subsystem which results in either a safe fault or a diagnosed unsafe fault. This is reflected in the following formulas for SFF:

SFF =
$$\lambda_{\text{DU}} / \lambda_{\text{TOTAL}}$$

where $\lambda_{\text{TOTAL}} = \lambda_{\text{SD}} + \lambda_{\text{SU}} + \lambda_{\text{DD}} + \lambda_{\text{DU}}$

The failure rates listed below, for only the LESV–Flow Sensor, do not include failures due to wear-out of any components. They reflect random failures and include failures due to external events such as unexpected use. Reference the FMEDA: WOO 12-03-036 R001 for detailed information concerning the SFF and PDF.

Table 6-2. Failure Rates according to IEC61508 in FIT

Device	$oldsymbol{\lambda}_{ extsf{SD}}$	λ_{su^2}	$\lambda_{ exttt{DD}}$	$\lambda_{ t DU}$	SFF ³
LESV-Flow Sensor	0 FIT	294 FIT	0 FIT	306 FIT	_

The SFF for the LESV–Flow Sensor supports architectural constraints up through a SIL 2 through the 2_H Route. The Complete sensor subsystem, of which the LESV–Flow Sensor is a part, will need to be evaluated to determine the SFF for the subsystem.

Response Time Data

The LESV, through the SIL rated Position Sensor, provides position information to the safety controller. There is not a definable, detectable response time for the actuator.

Limitations

When proper installation, maintenance, proof testing, and environmental limitations are observed, the product life of the LESV–Flow Sensor is 20 years.

Management of Functional Safety

The LESV–Flow Sensor is intended for use according to the requirements of a safety lifecycle management process such as IEC61508 or IEC61511. The safety performance numbers in this chapter can be used for the evaluation of the overall safety lifecycle.

Restrictions

The user must complete a full functional check of the LESV–Flow Sensor after initial installation, and after any modification of the overall safety system. No modification shall be made to the LESV–Flow Sensor unless directed by Woodward. This functional check should include as much of the safety system as possible, such as sensors, transmitters, actuators, and trip blocks. The results of any functional check shall be recorded for future review.

The LESV–Flow Sensor must be used within the published specification in this manual.

Competence of Personnel

All personnel involved in the installation and maintenance of the LESV–Flow Sensor must have appropriate training. Training and guidance materials are included in this manual.

These personnel shall report back to Woodward any failures detected during operation that may impact functional safety.

Operation and Maintenance Practice

A periodic proof (functional) test of the LESV–Flow Sensor is required to verify that any dangerous faults not detected by safety controller internal run-time diagnostics are detected. More information is in the "Proof Test" section below. The frequency of the proof test is determined by the overall safety system design, of which the LESV–Flow Sensor is part of the safety system. The safety numbers are given in the following sections to help the system integrator determine the appropriate test interval.

The LESV–Flow Sensor requires no special tools for operation or maintenance of the LESV–Flow Sensor.

Installation and Site Acceptance Testing

Installation and use of the LESV–Flow Sensor must conform to the guidelines and restrictions included in this manual. No other information is needed for installation, programming, and maintenance.

Functional Testing after Initial Installation

A functional test of the LESV–Flow Sensor is required prior to use in a safety system. This should be done as part of the overall safety system installation check and should include all I/O interfaces to and from the LESV–Flow Sensor position sensor element. For guidance on the functional test, see the Proof Test procedure below.

Functional Testing after Changes

A functional test of the LESV–Flow Sensor is required after making any changes that affect the safety system. Although there are functions in the LESV–Flow Sensor that are not directly safety related, it is recommended that a functional test be performed after any change.

Proof Test (Functional Test)

The LESV–Flow Sensor must be periodically proof tested to ensure there are no dangerous faults present that are not detected by on-line diagnostics. This proof test should be performed at least once per year.

Functional Verification (Proof) Test Procedure (Module Level)

The suggested transmitter proof test consists of a two-point calibration check (see table below). The suggested proof test will detect 90% of possible DU failures in the LESV–Flow Sensor. This proof test detects failure of the LESV–Flow Sensor as well as the transmitter.

Table 6-3. Suggested Proof Test

Step	Action
1	Bypass the safety function and take appropriate action to avoid a false trip.
2	Set the valve to its Zero position.
3	Stroke the valve through its full range of motion to its Full-scale position to
	confirm full range of motion.
4	Return the valve to its Zero position.
5	Perform a three-point calibration of the transmitter over the full working range.
6	Remove the bypass and otherwise restore normal operation.

This is referenced in the product FMEDA; WOO 12-03-036 R001.

Chapter 7. Safety Management – Safe Position Fuel Shutoff Function

Product Variations Certified

The SIL rated LESV for fuel shutoff is designed and certified to the functional safety standards according to IEC61508, Parts 1 through 7. Reference the product FMEDA: WOO 10-11-064 R001 V1R3, and Certification: WOO 1405129 C001.

The functional safety requirement in this chapter applies to all LESVs. The SIL rated LESVs will have a DU FIT of less than 953 FITS for Close to Trip Full Stroke.

The LESV is certified for use in applications up to SIL 3 according to IEC61508.

The LESV is designed and verified to withstand the worst-case (or greater) expected environmental conditions as listed in other sections of this manual.

Covered LESV Versions

All LESVs are SIL certified for the shutoff function.

SFF for the LESV - Over Speed SIF (Safety Instrumented Function)

The LESV is only one part of a shutoff system that supports an over-speed shutdown SIF. This system consists of a speed sensor, a processing unit, and a fuel shutoff actuation sub-system of which the LESV is a component.

The SFF for each subsystem should be calculated. The SFF summarizes the fraction of failures, which lead to a safe state, plus the fraction of failures which will be detected by diagnostic measures and lead to a defined safety action. This is reflected in the following formulas for SFF:

SFF =
$$\lambda_{SD} + \lambda_{SU} + \lambda_{DD} / \lambda_{TOTAL}$$

where
$$\lambda_{TOTAL} = \lambda_{SD} + \lambda_{SU} + \lambda_{DD} + \lambda_{DU}$$

The failure rates listed below, for only the LESV, do not include failures due to wear-out of any components. They reflect random failures and include failures due to external events such as unexpected use. Reference the FMEDA: WOO 10-11-064 R001 V1R3 for detailed information concerning the SFF and PDF.

Table 7-1. Failure Rates according to IEC61508 in FIT

Device	$\lambda_{ extsf{SD}}$	$\lambda_{ t SU}$	$\lambda_{ extsf{DD}}$	λ_{DU}
Full Stroke	0	136	0	953
Full Stroke with PVST	136	0	343	610

According to IEC 61508, the architectural constraints of an element must be determined. This can be done by following the 1H approach according to 7.4.4.2 of IEC 61508 or the 2H approach according to 7.4.4.3 of IEC 61508. The 1H approach should be used for the LESV.

Response Time Data

The LESV full stroke response time is 1-second maximum from 100% position to fully close.

Limitations

When proper installation, maintenance, proof testing, and environmental limitations are observed, the useful life of the LESV is 15 years. The LESV can be refurbished, and a product life of 30 years can be achieved.

Management of Functional Safety

The LESV is intended for use according to the requirements of a safety lifecycle management process such as IEC61508 or IEC61511. The safety performance numbers in this chapter can be used for the evaluation of the overall safety lifecycle.

Restrictions

The user must complete a full functional check of the LESV after initial installation, and after any modification of the overall safety system. No modification shall be made to the LESV unless directed by Woodward. This functional check should include as much of the safety system as possible, such as sensors, transmitters, actuators, and trip blocks. The results of any functional check shall be recorded for future review.

The LESV must be used within the published specification in this manual.

Competence of Personnel

All personnel involved in the installation and maintenance of the LESV must have appropriate training. Training and guidance materials are included in this manual.

These personnel shall report back to Woodward any failures detected during operation that may impact functional safety.

Operation and Maintenance Practice

A periodic proof (functional) test of the LESV is required to verify that any dangerous faults not detected by safety controller internal run-time diagnostics are detected. More information is in the "Proof Test" section below. The frequency of the proof test is determined by the overall safety system design, of which the LESV is part of the safety system. The safety numbers are given in the following sections to help the system integrator determine the appropriate test interval.

The LESV requires no special tools for operation or maintenance of the LESV.

Installation and Site Acceptance Testing

Installation and use of the LESV must conform to the guidelines and restrictions included in this manual. No other information is needed for installation, programming, and maintenance.

Functional Testing after Initial Installation

A functional test of the LESV is required prior to use in a safety system. This should be done as part of the overall safety system installation check and should include all I/O interfaces to and from the LESV. For guidance on the functional test, see the Proof Test procedure below.

Functional Testing after Changes

A functional test of the LESV is required after making any changes that affect the safety system. Although there are functions in the LESV that are not directly safety related, it is recommended that a functional test be performed after any change.

Proof Test (Functional Test)

The LESV must be periodically proof tested to ensure there are no dangerous faults present that are not detected by on-line diagnostics. This proof test should be performed at least once per year.

Suggested Proof Test

The suggested proof test consists of a full stroke of the valve, shown in the table below.

Table 7-2. Suggested Proof Test

Action
Bypass the safety function and take appropriate action to avoid a false trip.
Interrupt or change the signal/supply to the actuator to force the actuator and valve to the Fail-
Safe state and confirm that the Safe State was achieved and within the correct time.
Re-store the supply/signal to the actuator and inspect for any visible damage or contamination
and confirm that the normal operating state was achieved.
Inspect the valve for any leaks, visible damage, or contamination.
Remove the bypass and otherwise restore normal operation.

For the test to be effective, the movement of the valve must be confirmed. To confirm the effectiveness of the test both the travel of the valve and slew rate must be monitored and compared to expected results to validate the testing.

Proof Test Coverage

The Proof Test Coverage for the LESV is given in the table below.

Table 7-3. Proof Test Coverage

Application	Safety Function	λ _{DU} PT ⁶ -		f Test erage
Аррисаціон	Salety Fullction	VDUP	No PVST	with PVST
Clean Service	Close on Trip – Full Stroke	394	59%	35%

The suggested proof test and proof test coverage is referenced in the product FMEDA; WOO Q10-11-064 R001 V1R3.

Chapter 8. Product Support and Service Options

Product Support Options

If you are experiencing problems with the installation, or unsatisfactory performance of a Woodward product, the following options are available:

- Consult the troubleshooting guide in the manual.
- Contact the manufacturer or packager of your system.
- Contact the Woodward Full Service Distributor serving your area.
- Contact Woodward technical assistance (see "How to Contact Woodward" later in this chapter) and discuss your problem. In many cases, your problem can be resolved over the phone. If not, you can select which course of action to pursue based on the available services listed in this chapter.

OEM or Packager Support: Many Woodward controls and control devices are installed into the equipment system and programmed by an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) or Equipment Packager at their factory. In some cases, the programming is password-protected by the OEM or packager, and they are the best source for product service and support. Warranty service for Woodward products shipped with an equipment system should also be handled through the OEM or Packager. Please review your equipment system documentation for details.

Woodward Business Partner Support: Woodward works with and supports a global network of independent business partners whose mission is to serve the users of Woodward controls, as described here:

- A **Full Service Distributor** has the primary responsibility for sales, service, system integration solutions, technical desk support, and aftermarket marketing of standard Woodward products within a specific geographic area and market segment.
- An Authorized Independent Service Facility (AISF) provides authorized service that includes repairs, repair parts, and warranty service on Woodward's behalf. Service (not new unit sales) is an AISF's primary mission.

A current list of Woodward Business Partners is available at: https://www.woodward.com/en/support/industrial/service-and-spare-parts/find-a-local-partner

Product Service Options

The following factory options for servicing Woodward products are available through your local Full-Service Distributor or the OEM or Packager of the equipment system, based on the standard Woodward Product and Service Warranty (Woodward North American Terms and Conditions of Sale 5-09-0690) that is in effect at the time the product is originally shipped from Woodward or a service is performed:

- Replacement/Exchange (24-hour service)
- Flat Rate Repair
- Flat Rate Remanufacture

Replacement/Exchange: Replacement/Exchange is a premium program designed for the user who is in need of immediate service. It allows you to request and receive a like-new replacement unit in minimum time (usually within 24 hours of the request), providing a suitable unit is available at the time of the request, thereby minimizing costly downtime. This is a flat-rate program and includes the full standard Woodward product warranty (Woodward North American Terms and Conditions of Sale 5-09-0690).

This option allows you to call your Full-Service Distributor in the event of an unexpected outage, or in advance of a scheduled outage, to request a replacement control unit. If the unit is available at the time of the call, it can usually be shipped out within 24 hours. You replace your field control unit with the like-new replacement and return the field unit to the Full-Service Distributor.

Charges for the Replacement/Exchange service are based on a flat rate plus shipping expenses. You are invoiced the flat rate replacement/exchange charge plus a core charge at the time the replacement unit is shipped. If the core (field unit) is returned within 60 days, a credit for the core charge will be issued.

Flat Rate Repair: Flat Rate Repair is available for the majority of standard products in the field. This program offers you repair service for your products with the advantage of knowing in advance what the cost will be. All repair work carries the standard Woodward service warranty (Woodward North American Terms and Conditions of Sale 5-09-0690) on replaced parts and labor.

Flat Rate Remanufacture: Flat Rate Remanufacture is very similar to the Flat Rate Repair option with the exception that the unit will be returned to you in "like-new" condition and carry with it the full standard Woodward product warranty (Woodward North American Terms and Conditions of Sale 5-09-0690). This option is applicable to mechanical products only.

Returning Equipment for Repair

If a control (or any part of an electronic control) is to be returned for repair, please contact your Full-Service Distributor in advance to obtain Return Authorization and shipping instructions.

When shipping the item(s), attach a tag with the following information:

- Return authorization number
- Name and location where the control is installed
- Name and phone number of contact person
- Complete Woodward part number(s) and serial number(s)
- Description of the problem
- Instructions describing the desired type of repair

Packing a Control

Use the following materials when returning a complete control:

- Protective caps on any connectors
- Antistatic protective bags on all electronic modules
- Packing materials that will not damage the surface of the unit
- At least 100 mm (4 inches) of tightly packed, industry-approved packing material
- A packing carton with double walls
- A strong tape around the outside of the carton for increased strength



To prevent damage to electronic components caused by improper handling, read and observe the precautions in Woodward manual 82715, Guide for Handling and Protection of Electronic Controls, Printed Circuit Boards, and Modules.

Replacement Parts

When ordering replacement parts for controls, include the following information:

- The part number(s) (XXXX-XXXX) that is on the enclosure nameplate
- The unit serial number, which is also on the nameplate

Engineering Services

Woodward offers various Engineering Services for our products. For these services, you can contact us by telephone, by email, or through the Woodward website.

- Technical Support
- Product Training
- Field Service

Technical Support is available from your equipment system supplier, your local Full-Service Distributor, or from many of Woodward's worldwide locations, depending upon the product and application. This service can assist you with technical questions or problem solving during the normal business hours of the Woodward location you contact. Emergency assistance is also available during non-business hours by phoning Woodward and stating the urgency of your problem.

Product Training is available as standard classes at many of our worldwide locations. We also offer customized classes, which can be tailored to your needs and can be held at one of our locations or at your site. This training, conducted by experienced personnel, will assure that you will be able to maintain system reliability and availability.

Field Service engineering on-site support is available, depending on the product and location, from many of our worldwide locations or from one of our Full-Service Distributors. The field engineers are experienced both on Woodward products as well as on much of the non-Woodward equipment with which our products interface.

For information on these services, please contact one of the Full-Service Distributors listed at https://www.woodward.com/en/support/industrial/service-and-spare-parts/find-a-local-partner

Contacting Woodward's Support Organization

For the name of your nearest Woodward Full-Service Distributor or service facility, please consult our worldwide directory at https://www.woodward.com/support, which also contains the most current product support and contact information.

You can also contact the Woodward Customer Service Department at one of the following Woodward facilities to obtain the address and phone number of the nearest facility at which you can obtain information and service.

Duaduata Haadin

Engine Systems
FacilityPhone Number
Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800
China+86 (512) 8818 5515
Germany +49 (711) 78954-510
India+91 (124) 4399500
Japan+81 (43) 213-2191
Korea+82 (51) 636-7080
The Netherlands+31 (23) 5661111
United States+1 (970) 482-5811

Products Used in

Products Used in Industrial
Turbomachinery Systems
FacilityPhone Number
Brazil+55 (19) 3708 4800
China+86 (512) 8818 5515
India+91 (124) 4399500
Japan+81 (43) 213-2191
Korea+ 82 (51) 636-7080
The Netherlands+31 (23) 5661111
Poland+48 (12) 295 13 00
United States+1 (970) 482-5811

Technical Assistance

If you need to contact technical assistance, you will need to provide the following information. Please write it down here before contacting the Engine OEM, the Packager, a Woodward Business Partner, or the Woodward factory:

General	
Your Name	
Site Location	
Phone Number	
Fax Number	
Prime Mover Information	
Manufacturer	
Turbine Model Number	
Type of Fuel (gas, steam, etc.)	
Power Output Rating	
Application (power generation, marine, etc.)	
Control/Governor Information	
Control/Governor #1	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #2	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
Serial Number	
Control/Governor #3	
Woodward Part Number & Rev. Letter	
Control Description or Governor Type	
O and a libit and a second	
Serial Number	
Symptoms Symptoms	

If you have an electronic or programmable control, please have the adjustment setting positions or the menu settings written down and with you at the time of the call.

Revision History

Changes in Revision T—

Replaced EU DoC

Changes in Revision R—

Added recommendations on corrosive fuels in Chapter 1

Changes in Revision P-

Added Caution statement regarding cable separation under Electrical Connections in Chapter 3

Changes in Revision N—

- Removed CE line under Pressure Equipment Directive
- Updated EU DoC
- Updated Dol

Changes in Revision M—

- Updated PED, both ATEX Directives and added RoHS Directive to Regulatory Compliance section
- Added par numbers 9904-3544, 9904-3545, and 9904-3546 to Table 6-1
- Replaced both Declarations

Changes in Revision L-

- Replaced warning box in Chapter 3
- Added Figures 3-1, 3-2, and 3-3 as examples to illustrate the warning on Bench Testing

Changes in Revision K-

 Added part numbers with specifications 9904-3468, 9904-3469, 9904-3470, and 9904-3471 to Table 6-1

Changes in Revision J-

- Added figures 1-6A and 1-6B
- Added content concerning connectors to the Electrical Connections section of Chapter 3
- Added content regarding piping loads and Table 3-1 to the Piping Installation section of Chapter 3
- Replaced Figure 1-1
- · Added note clarifying dual lube port models in Chapter 4

Changes in Revision H-

Added three new part numbers to Table 6-1

Changes in Revision G—

- New Figures 1-3a, 1-3b, 1-4a, and 1-4b for UHR 3-inch and 4-inch
- · LESV approximate weight specifications updated
- · LELA response time specifications updated
- UHR specifications added to Table 1-4

Changes in Revision F—

- Updated EMC directive section, Pressure Equipment Directive section, and both ATEX sections in Regulatory Compliance
- Updated Max Fluid Temp and Proof Test Pressure in Table 1-3
- Replaced DOC/DOI

Changes in Revision E-

Change Maximum Pressure / class 600 flange, Page 13

Changes in Revision D-

- Regulatory Compliance; Other International Compliance section and Conditions for Safe Use
- Updated drawings 1-3a, 1-3b, 1-5a, 1-5b, 3-1a, 3-1b, 3-2, and 3-3
- Updated tables 1-1 and 1-4
- Updated note regarding discharge flange maximum temperature
- Added Chapter 6, Safety Management Light-Off Function
- Added Chapter 7, Safety Management Shutoff Function

Changes in Revision C-

Updated Compliance information & Declarations

Changes in Revision B—

Updated Class 600 proof test pressure

Changes in Revision A—

- Added information about horizontal mounting
- Made minor improvements for clarity

Declarations

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

EU DoC No.: 00371-04-EU-02-02

Manufacturer's Name: WOODWARD INC.

Manufacturer's Contact Address: 1041 Woodward Way

Fort Collins, CO 80524 USA

Model Name(s)/Number(s): Large Electric Sonic Valve with LELA Actuator

ASME B16.34 Class 300 and 600 flanges LESV: 2, 3, 4 and 6 inch diameters

LESV II: 2 inch diameter

The object of the declaration LELA Actuator portion of LESV:

described above is in conformity with the following relevant Union

Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to equipment and

harmonization legislation: protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

Valve portion of LESV:

Directive 2014/68/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making

available on the market of pressure equipment

2", 3", 4": PED Category II 6": PED Category III

For models with ID Module or Position Sensor:

Directive 2014/30/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February

2014 on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to

electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Markings in addition to CE

marking:

☑ II 3 G, Ex nA IIC T3 Gc

Applicable Standards:

PED: ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code VIII, Div. 2, 2010

ATEX: EN IEC 60079-0, 2018: Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres – Part 0:

General Requirements

EN 60079-15, 2010: Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres - Part 15:

Type of protection 'n'

EMC: EN 61000-6-4, 2007/A1:2011: EMC Part 6-4: Generic Standards - Emissions for

Industrial Environments

EN 61000-6-2, 2005: EMC Part 6-2: Generic Standards - Immunity for Industrial

Environments

Conformity Assessment: PED Module H – Full Quality Assurance

CE-0062-PED-H-WDI 001-25-USA-rev-A Bureau Veritas SAS (0062)

4 Place des Saisons, 92400 COURBEVOIE, FRANCE

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer We, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s).

Signature

Annette Lynch

Full Name

Engineering Manager

Position

Woodward, Fort Collins, CO, USA

Place

14 April 2025

Date

5-09-1183 Rev 43

DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION Of Partly Completed Machinery 2006/42/EC

File name: 00371-04-EU-02-01 Manufacturer's Name: WOODWARD INC.

Contact Address: 1041 Woodward Way

Fort Collins, CO 80524 USA

Model Names: Large Electric Sonic Valve (LESV, LESV II)

Sizes 2", 3", 4", and 6", Class 300 and 600

This product complies, where applicable, with the following 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7

Essential Requirements of Annex I:

The relevant technical documentation is compiled in accordance with part B of Annex VII. Woodward shall transmit relevant information if required by a reasoned request by the national authorities. The method of transmittal shall be agreed upon by the applicable parties.

The person authorized to compile the technical documentation:

Name: Dominik Kania, Managing Director

Address: Woodward Poland Sp. z o.o., ul. Skarbowa 32, 32-005 Niepolomice, Poland

This product must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of this Directive, where appropriate.

The undersigned hereby declares, on behalf of Woodward Inc. of Loveland and Fort Collins, Colorado that the above referenced product is in conformity with Directive 2006/42/EC as partly completed machinery:

> MANUFACTURER Signature Annette Lynch Full Name Engineering Manager Position Woodward Inc., Fort Collins, CO, USA Place August 20, 2021 Date

Document: 5-09-1182 (rev. 18)

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Released

We appreciate your comments about the content of our publications.

Send comments to: industrial.support@woodward.com

Please reference publication 26745.





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Email and Website—www.woodward.com

Woodward has company-owned plants, subsidiaries, and branches, as well as authorized distributors and other authorized service and sales facilities throughout the world.

Complete address / phone / fax / email information for all locations is available on our website.